

# CUSTOMARY AND TRADITIONAL USE WORKSHEET, Black Bear Unit 15C (portion)

Prepared by: Division of Subsistence Alaska Department of Fish and Game

Prepared for: Alaska Board of Game Anchorage, Alaska March 14–19, 2019

# **Related C&T History**

#### • 1988

 C&T worksheet prepared for black bears in this portion of GMU 15C

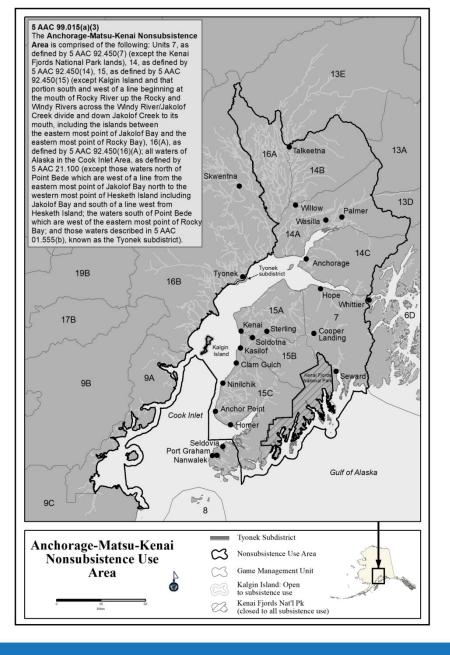
#### 1990, 1991, 1993, & 1994

- C&T worksheet updated
- No review or action occurred at these meetings

#### Currently

No C&T finding for a **Portion** of Unit 15C outside the Anchorage-Matsu-Kenai Nonsubsistence Area







# Criterion 1: Length and consistency of use

- Dena'ina Athabascan and Alutiiq peoples:
  - Hunted black bear for food and raw materials.
- Elders:
  - Note long term use and reliance on black bear.
- Communities:
  - Highly value meat and fat;
  - Consider it about equal to seal in food value.



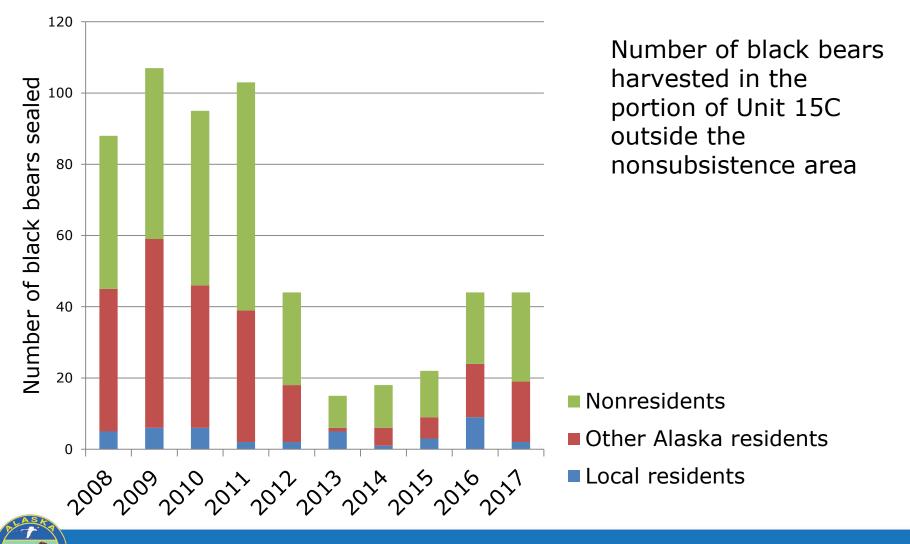
# Criterion 1: Length and Consistency of Use

- Nanwalek residents :
  - 1987: 52% reported using black bear (est. harvest = 6)
  - 1993: 82% reported using black bear (est. harvest = 11)
  - 2003: 64% of reported using black bear (est. harvest = 5)
  - 2014: 18% of reported using black bear (est. harvest = 2)
- Port Graham residents:
  - 1987: 9% of reported using black bear (est. harvest = 1)
  - 1991: 43% reported using black bear (est. harvest = 7)
  - 2003: 23% reported using black bear (est. harvest = 6)
  - 2014: 10% reported using black bear (est. harvest = 1)
- Seldovia residents:
  - 1991: 18% reported using black bear (est. harvest = 1)
  - 2014: 21% reported using black bear (est. harvest = 3)

*Note:* Division of Subsistence comprehensive surveys are not conducted every year in every community.



#### Criterion 1: Length and Consistency of Use



# **Criterion 2: Seasonality**

No closed seasons for black bear in Unit 15C

- Nanwalek and Port Graham:
  - Early spring and mid to late fall preferred harvest
- **2008–2017:** 
  - Of the 580 black bears harvested in this portion of 15C by all hunters:
    - 33% taken in fall
    - 67% taken in spring



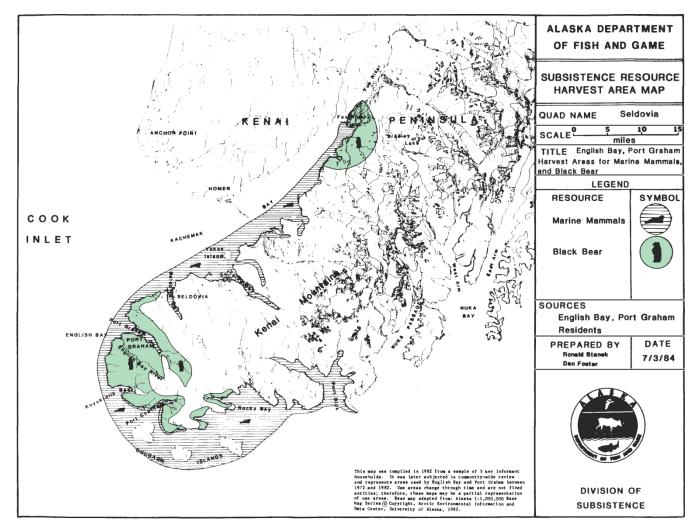
#### Criterion 3: Efficient Means and Methods of Harvest and Economy of Cost

- Traditionally:
  - Spear and snare
- Early 1980s research:
  - Hunts were community endeavors with multiple people involved for multiple days.
- Currently:
  - Nanwalek and Port Graham use 3 common methods
    - Using skiffs search coastal shorelines;
    - On foot or ATV to known inland bear areas;
    - Opportunistically spot bears in other areas.
- 1973–1993 (sealing records):
  - 15 records of hunters harvesting more than 1 black bear, including
    - 13 records of 2 bears;
    - 2 records of 3 bears.
- 2008–2017 (sealing records):
  - 23 records of a hunter harvesting more than 1 black bear.



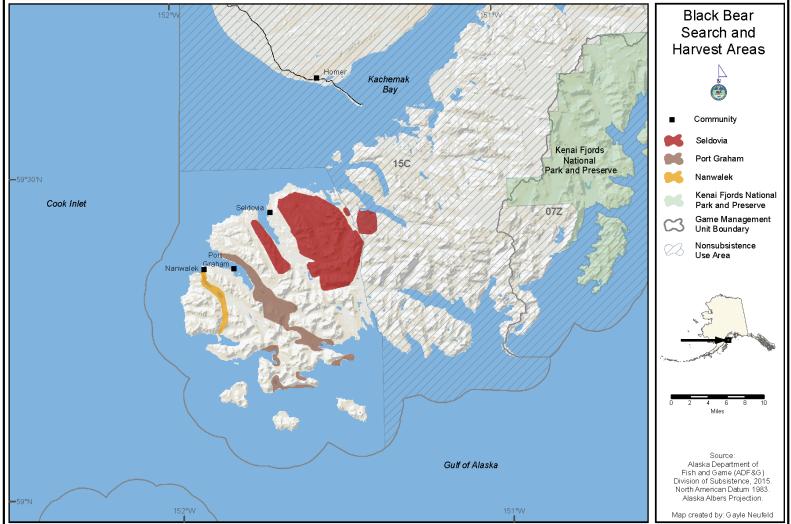
### **Criterion 4: Geographic Areas**

Continued use of Unit 15C for black bear harvest





### **Criterion 4: Geographic Areas**





# Criterion 5: Means of Handling, Preparing, Preserving and Storing

- Traditionally:
  - Smoked
  - Dried
  - Salted
  - Eaten fresh
  - Frozen out-of-doors
  - Hides used as mattresses and blankets
- By the 1980s:
  - freezers most common method of storing
- Currently:
  - Most meat is eaten fresh
- Some use of the claws for crafts



# Criterion 6: Intergenerational Transmission of Knowledge, Skills, Values, and Lore

- Active oral traditions:
  - Stories about bear hunting.
- Beliefs:
  - Certain parts of the bear should be left where the bear was killed;
  - Placed facing the south.
- Hunting parties from each community:
  - Usually family members.
- Winter traditional den hunt (1990):
  - Meat was widely shared.



### Criterion 7: Distribution and Exchange

- Extensive sharing networks:
  - "sharing local resources with neighbors and kin served to satisfy social obligations."
- Relatively few hunters: meat is widely shared
- Receipt of bear meat:
  - 1990s
    - Nanwalek—about 50% to 70% of households
    - Port Graham—about a third of households
    - Seldovia—15% of sampled households.
  - 2014
    - 14% of Nanwalek households (hhs),
    - 7% of Port Graham hhs received, and
    - 19% of Seldovia hhs received.
    - This may be the result of lower harvest rates in recent years.

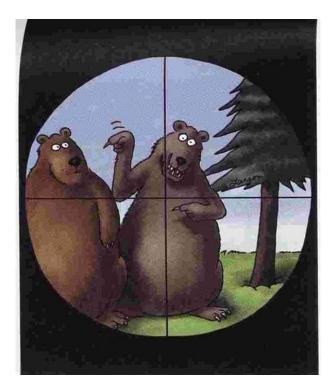


# Criterion 8: Diversity of Resources in Area; Economic, Cultural, Social, and Nutritional Elements

- Diverse resource use:
  - Salmon
  - Other fish
  - Shellfish
  - Marine mammals
  - Birds
  - Land mammals
  - Wild plants
- Total average harvests (2014):
  - 138 lb per person—Seldovia
  - 218 lb per person—Port Graham
  - 253 lb per person—Nanwalek



# **Questions?**





Presentation of the following slide (ANS Options) is contingent upon the board making a positive C&T finding and requesting ANS information from the Division of Subsistence. The information is not intended to imply any particular board finding.



# **ANS Options**

#### 4 options with 2 suboptions each:

Option	Point	Range
A	36	20-60
В	4	2-6
С	18	11-26
D	49	26-80

Based on bear sealing records, harvest surveys, and harvest ticket data.

*Note* Methods for determining the above options are described in Appendix B of the companion report for this presentation, SP BOG 2019-01, RC 4, Tab 5.

